2022 ITS Transportation Conference

Thursday, October 27, 2022



Today's Agenda



- 1. Introductions
- 2. Overview of Milwaukee County Transit System (MCTS)
- 3. Overview of East-West Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)
- 4. Lessons Learned from all phases of the project
 - a) Planning
 - b) Design
 - c) Construction
- 5. Working with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA)
- 6. Top 5 Things to Remember





David Locher, MCTS, Transportation Manager

Mike Zabel, HNTB, Construction Manager

MCTS

EAST BRT

Milwaukee County Transit System







- 1 Admin Building
- 2 Garages
- 3 Maintenance Facilities
- 350 buses
- 1,050 total employees
 - 750 bus operators
- 3,878 bus stops
 - 547 MCTS shelters
 - 120 ad shelters
 - 21 private shelters

Where We Operate / Who We Serve



TRI-COUNTY: MILWAUKEE, WAUKESHA & OZAUKEE

County Pop: 947,735

Urbanize Area Pop: 1.38M

Ridership

• **2019**: 28,972,674

• **2020**: 15,595,089 (pandemic)

• **2021**: 14,356,646 (pandemic)

2022: Trending to exceed 2020



Additionally





- MCTS Paratransit Services
 - Contracts with: First Transit and Transit Express



NOTE: MCTS is NOT the HOP

- Owned by City of Milwaukee
- Operated by Transdev



How We Do It



Operations Funding Sources

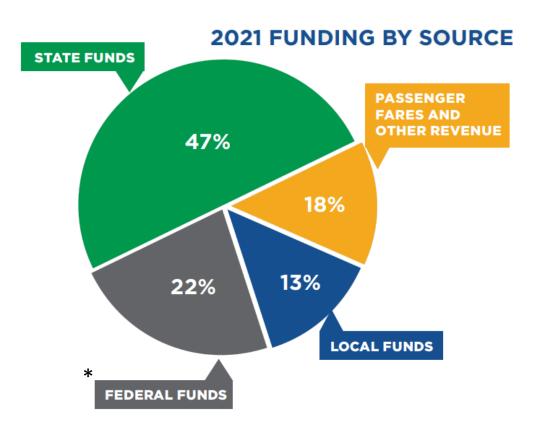
Typical Operating Budget: Up to \$163M

MCTS Bus Service: \$146M

MCTS Paratransit: \$17M

As budgets shrink, the number of buses on the road decreases and the service frequency diminishes.

Strategy for delivering frequency?



^{*} One-time federal assistance 2020-2024 Pre-pandemic ~15% federal



High quality, cost-effective bus-based regional transit system with:

- Unique branding
- Specialized vehicles
- Enhanced stations
- Off-board fare collection

- Transit-only lanes
- Traffic signal priority
- Frequent service
- Fewer stops











Where is BRT used?

- 182 cities globally (brtdata.org)
 - Europe: 44
 - Latin America: 61
 - North America: 22

Comparable US cities with BRT

- Kansas City, Missouri
- Grand Rapids, Michigan
- Cleveland, Ohio
- Jacksonville, Florida
- San Antonio and El Paso, Texas





Why Bus Rapid Transit?

- BRT plays a vital role in a **healthy**, **multimodal** transportation system that connects people to **jobs**, and businesses to their **customers**
- BRT is cost-effective and has been proven to increase transit use with improved service frequencies, travel time and reliability
- BRT supports millions of dollars in economic development
- BRT meets a critical need to mitigate traffic congestion



120K JOBS









COUNTLESS ATTRACTIONS

including the county zoo, Miller Park, Bucks' arena, art museum and Summerfest

• The East-West BRT is projected to average over 9,500 daily riders by 2035 and increase overall transit ridership in the corridor by 17 percent. Ridership will be fueled by activity generators within the half-mile station area around the preferred route including ...



Populations Served

BRT Population Statistics

Place	Population	% Zero-Car Households	% Minority Population	% Population below Poverty
East-West Corridor (within ½-mile)	69,821	21%	37%	23%
City of Wauwatosa	46,396	8%	12%	6%
City of Milwaukee	594,833	18%	63%	29%
Milwaukee County	948,201	14%	46%	22%
State of Wisconsin	5,686,986	7%	17%	13%

US Census, 2010

Project Details & Features





33 stations

connect regional
network of major
employment
centers, education
facilities and
recreational
destinations



Modern electric buses

provide a quiet, comfortable, sustainable vehicle with features for easy boarding and interior bike storage



Reliable and predictable travel times through the

use of dedicated lanes (over 50% of the corridor length), fewer stops, traffic signal priority and pre-board ticketing



Reduces traffic congestion

by attracting
more transit riders
and removing
thousands of cars
from the corridor



More frequent daily service with

buses every 10
minutes during
peak hours and
midday, and
every 20-30
minutes in early
morning, evening
and late-night

2016

East-West BRT Feasibilty Study

Select Locally Preferred Alternative

2017-2018

Federal Transit Administration
Project Development

Engineering/
Environmental Review

2018-2020

Final Design

2021-2023

Construction

2021-2023 Startup/Testing

Service Begins

PROJECT PHASES



2020

- Final Design Activities
- FTA Risk Assessment
- Small Starts Grant Agreement

2021

- Begin Construction
- FTA Coordination

2022

- Finalize Civil Construction
- Project testing

2023

- Install station amenities
- Pre-Revenue Operations
- FTA Approval for revenue service
- June Start of revenue service





Conducting a robust outreach program

Outreach goals

- Proactive communication
- Education and awareness
- Solicit input

Outreach Activities

- Conduct outreach meetings and community events
- Inform with Communications and materials
- Incorporate feedback into project planning and design

Over 250 stakeholder meetings

held from Jan. 2017 to Oct. 2022

Outreach to project stakeholders:

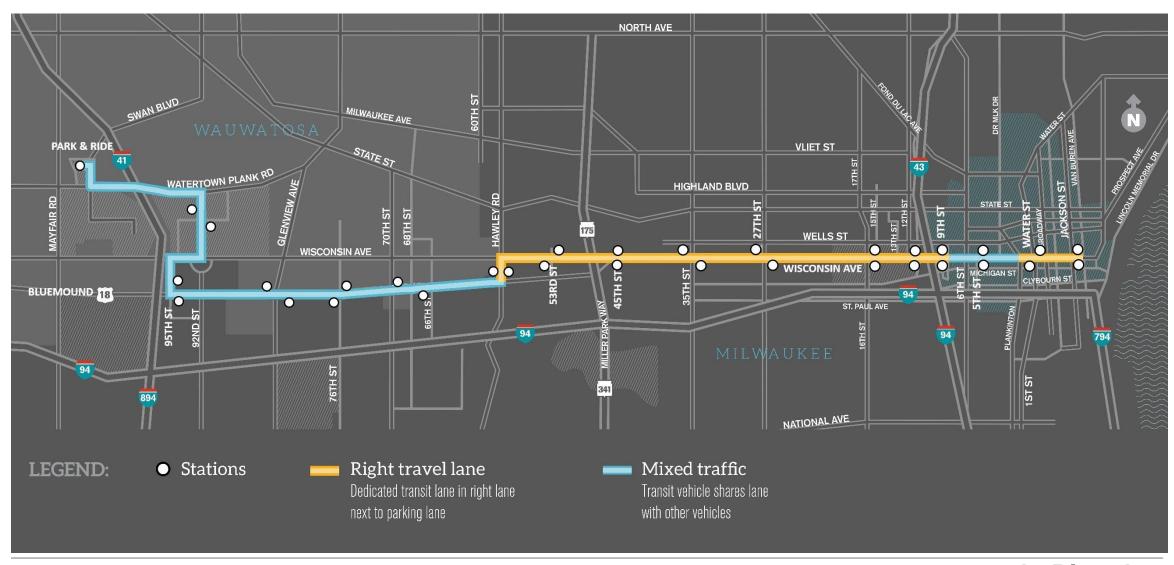
- Elected officials
- Municipal/state technical staff
- Regional stakeholders
- Neighborhood and business districts
- Media resources

- Local stakeholders (large institutions, organizations and businesses along the route)
- Transit users
- Residents/Property owners





The East-West Corridor





Project Details – Station Design



- Standard station aesthetic and features for all stations
 - Transparent façade
 - Lighting
 - ADA compliant
 - Weather-protectant shelter
 - Off-board fare collection
- On-going coordination with property owners adjacent to station locations

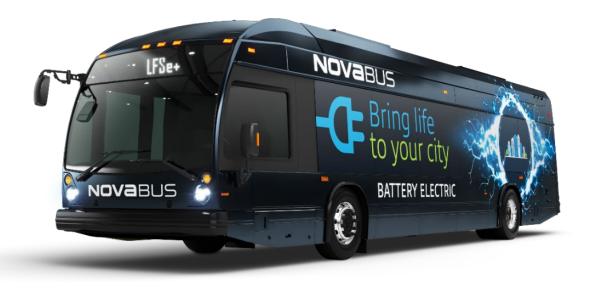


EAST BRT

- 11 Nova LFSe+ Electric
- 1 in-route charger
- 8 depot chargers

Lessons Learned:

Design around the vehicle





Testing & Redesign

EAST BRT

Avoiding Change Orders



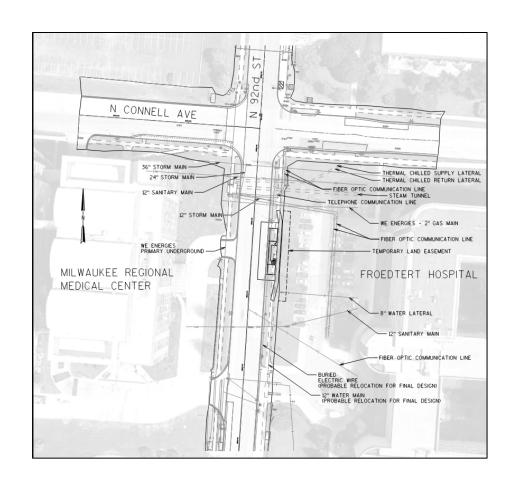


Utility & Stakeholder Coordination



Establishing continuity of design decisions Accountability

- City of Milwaukee
- Marquette University
- We Energy Utility
- MRMC/Froedtert Hospital

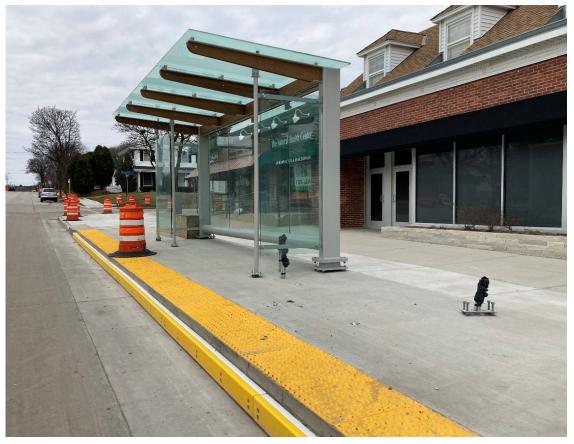






Continuous Stakeholder Engagement







Lane Striping

Continuous Stakeholder Engagement





Field Verification

Managing Quality of Product







Project Details – Costs and Funding

- Capital Cost (\$55.05 million)
 - Federal share (cannot exceed 80%): 79% Capital Investment Grants (CIG) Program Small Starts \$40.9M; Section 5307 Urbanized Formula Funds \$2.3M
 - Milwaukee County match: 21%
 - √ \$11.7 million committed through Milwaukee County Bus Replacement Funds, Milwaukee County Signal Prioritization Project, Milwaukee County 2020 Capital Budget, Milwaukee County Bonding, and Vehicle Registration Fee Revenue.

SCC #	Description	YOE \$
		(million)
10	Guideway & Track Elements	\$1.54
20	Stations, Stops, Terminals, Intermodal	\$3.31
30	Support Facilities: Yards, Shops, Admin. Bldgs	\$-
40	Sitework & Special Conditions	\$16.87
50	Systems	\$7.35
60	Row, Land, Existing Improvements	\$0.24
70	Vehicles	\$15.22
80	Professional Services	\$8.20
90	Unallocated Contingency	\$2.32
100	Finance Costs	\$-
	Project Total	\$55.05



Coordination with FTA

- Capital Investment Grant (CIG)
 Program Small Starts
- \$40.9 million (80/20) split
- Monthly and Quarterly Meeting
- Project Management Oversight Contractor (PMOC)





Top 5 Lessons Learned

- 1. Robust public outreach
- 2. Communication and coordination within the agency– Establish experienced project oversight
- 3. Utilize resources (peer systems, financial resources, create partnerships)
- 4. Understanding the FTA milestones and requirements early in Project Development
- Develop procurement strategies and project delivery method(s)







Questions?

For more information:

www.eastwestbrtmke.com

Or contact:

David Locher – MCTS Transportation Manager dlocher@mcts.org

