

Automated Vehicles in Wisconsin

Research - Testing - Development - Evaluation - Deployment



Annual ITS Forum
November 8, 2017



WISCONSIN
AUTOMATED VEHICLE
PROVING GROUNDS

What is an AV?



FORD



UBER



GOOGLE



NAVYA



CASE IH



GM



TESLA





**"Personal
Delivery
Device"**



V2V
V2I
V2X



CV



Shared



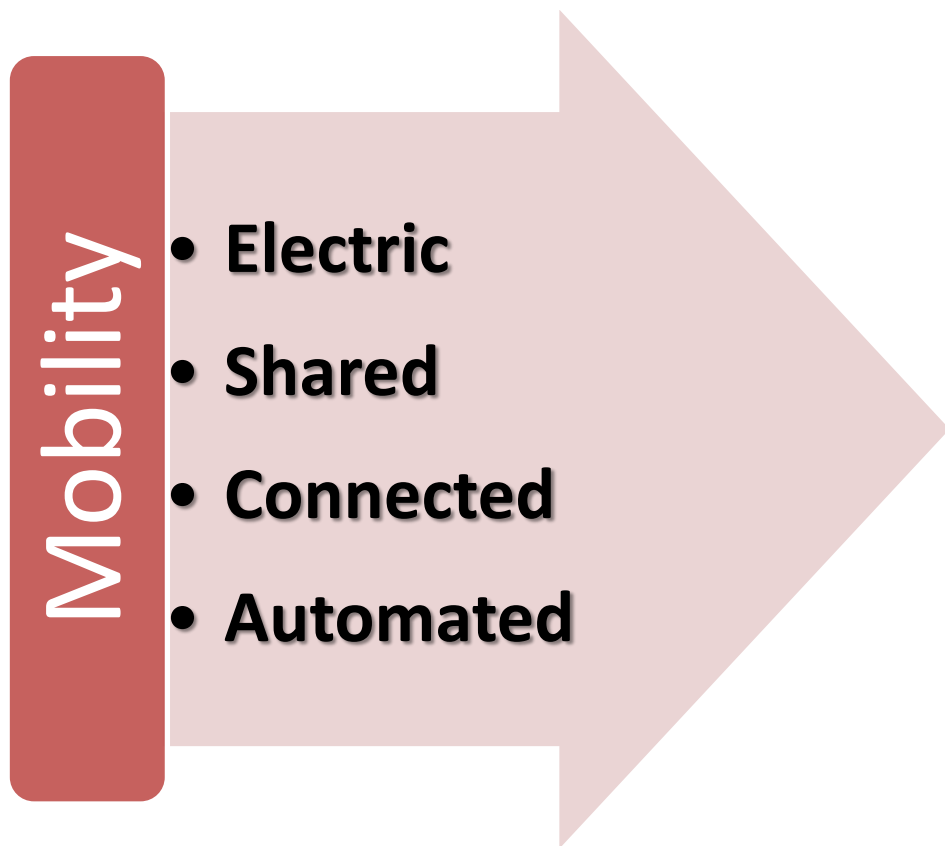
AV



EV

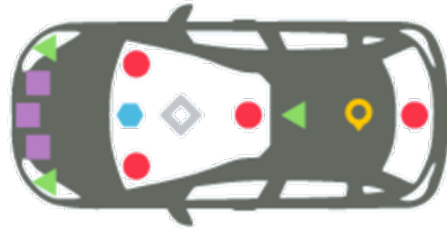


Trends and Outcomes

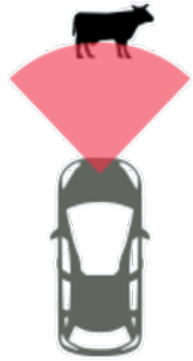


- Safety
- Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)
- Sprawl
- Parking
- Energy
- Air Quality
- Public Health
- Equity
- Accessibility

How AVs Operate

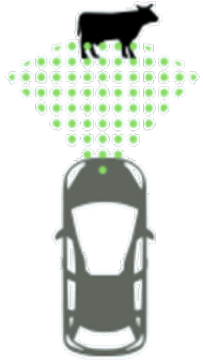


- CAMERAS
- ◀ LIDAR SENSOR
- RADAR SENSOR
- 📍 GPS UNIT
- ⬡ CONTROLLER
- ◇ ONBOARD BASEMAP



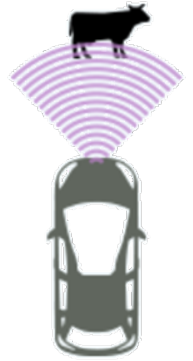
CAMERAS

Cameras gather visual information from the road and traffic control and send them to the controller for processing.



LIDAR

LiDAR sensors bounce lasers off of detected objects. LiDAR can detect road lines and assets and differentiate objects.



RADAR

Radar sensors bounce radio waves off detected objects. Radar cannot differentiate objects.



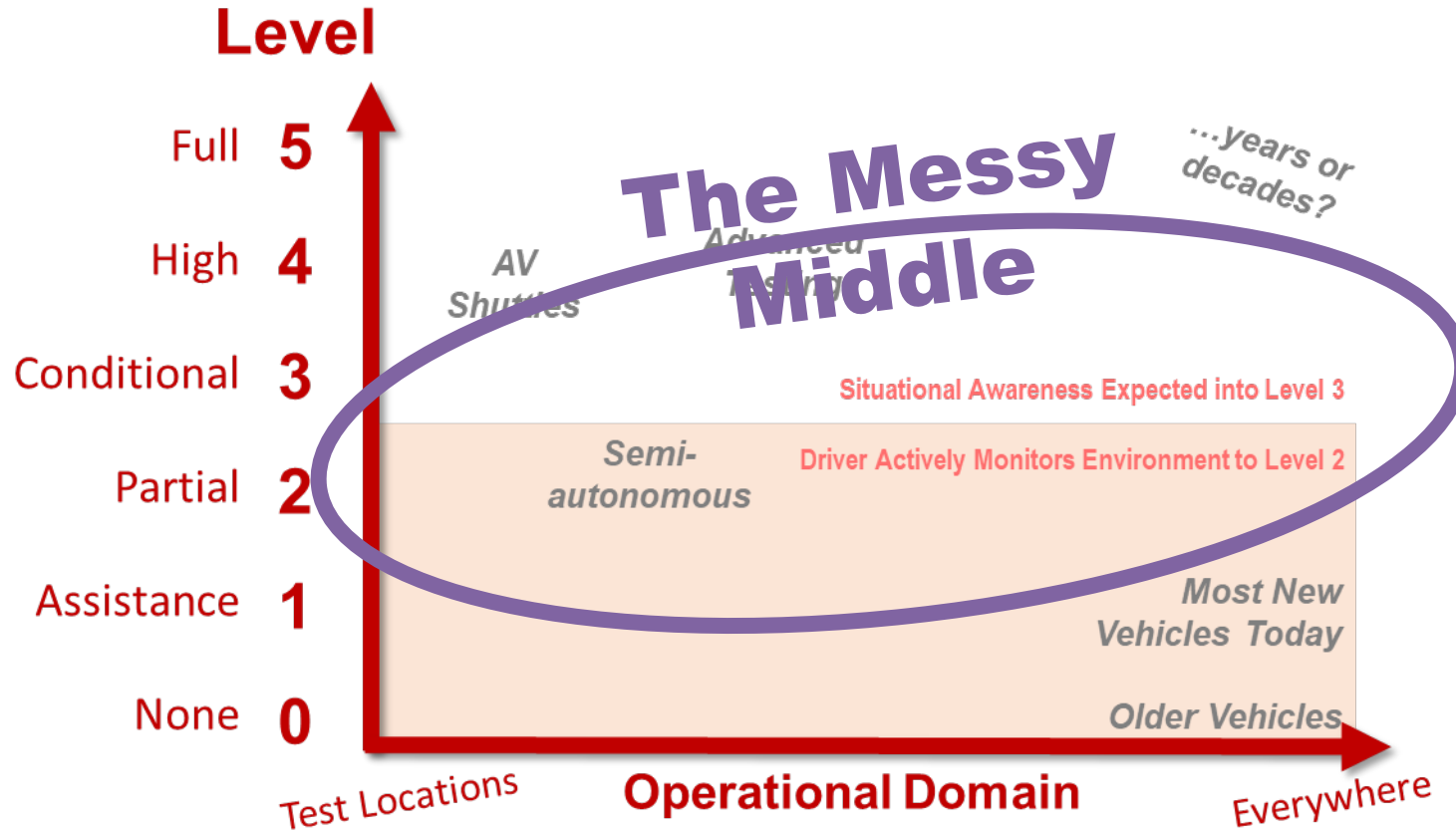
GPS UNIT

The GPS unit identifies the precise position of the vehicle and aids in navigation.

SAE Levels of Automation

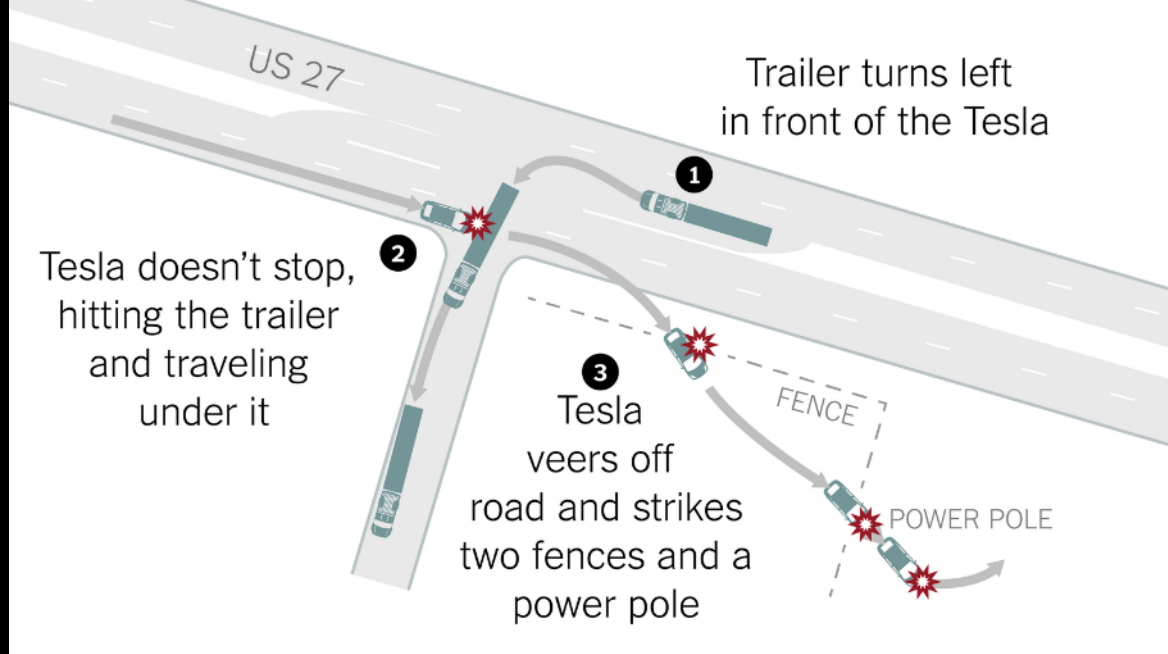
SAE level	Name	Narrative Definition	Execution of Steering and Acceleration/Deceleration	Monitoring of Driving Environment	Fallback Performance of <i>Dynamic Driving Task</i>	System Capability (<i>Driving Modes</i>)
Human driver monitors the driving environment						
0	No Automation	the full-time performance by the <i>human driver</i> of all aspects of the <i>dynamic driving task</i> , even when enhanced by warning or intervention systems	Human driver	Human driver	Human driver	n/a
1	Driver Assistance	the <i>driving mode</i> -specific execution by a driver assistance system of either steering or acceleration/deceleration using information about the driving environment and with the expectation that the <i>human driver</i> perform all remaining aspects of the <i>dynamic driving task</i>	Human driver and system	Human driver	Human driver	Some driving modes
2	Partial Automation	the <i>driving mode</i> -specific execution by one or more driver assistance systems of both steering and acceleration/deceleration using information about the driving environment and with the expectation that the <i>human driver</i> perform all remaining aspects of the <i>dynamic driving task</i>	System	Human driver	Human driver	Some driving modes
Automated driving system ("system") monitors the driving environment						
3	Conditional Automation	the <i>driving mode</i> -specific performance by an <i>automated driving system</i> of all aspects of the dynamic driving task with the expectation that the <i>human driver</i> will respond appropriately to a <i>request to intervene</i>	System	System	Human driver	Some driving modes
4	High Automation	the <i>driving mode</i> -specific performance by an automated driving system of all aspects of the <i>dynamic driving task</i> , even if a <i>human driver</i> does not respond appropriately to a <i>request to intervene</i>	System	System	System	Some driving modes
5	Full Automation	the full-time performance by an <i>automated driving system</i> of all aspects of the <i>dynamic driving task</i> under all roadway and environmental conditions that can be managed by a <i>human driver</i>	System	System	System	All driving modes

Levels Depend on Circumstances

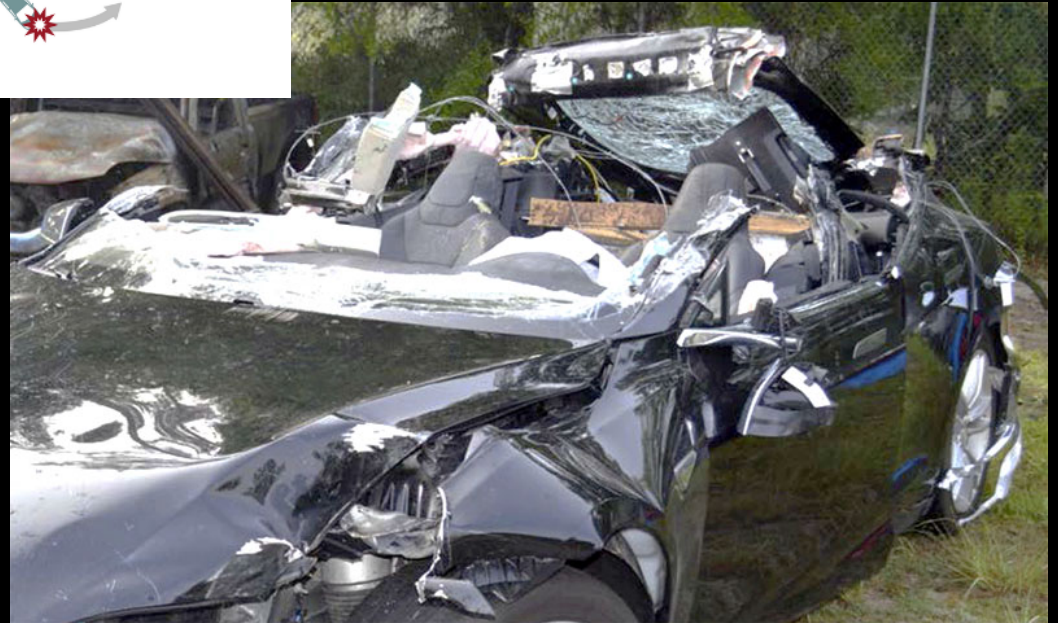


Critical implications:

- Human operator expectations, “re-engagement”
- Where certain vehicles can safely operate



Tesla
Florida
May 2016



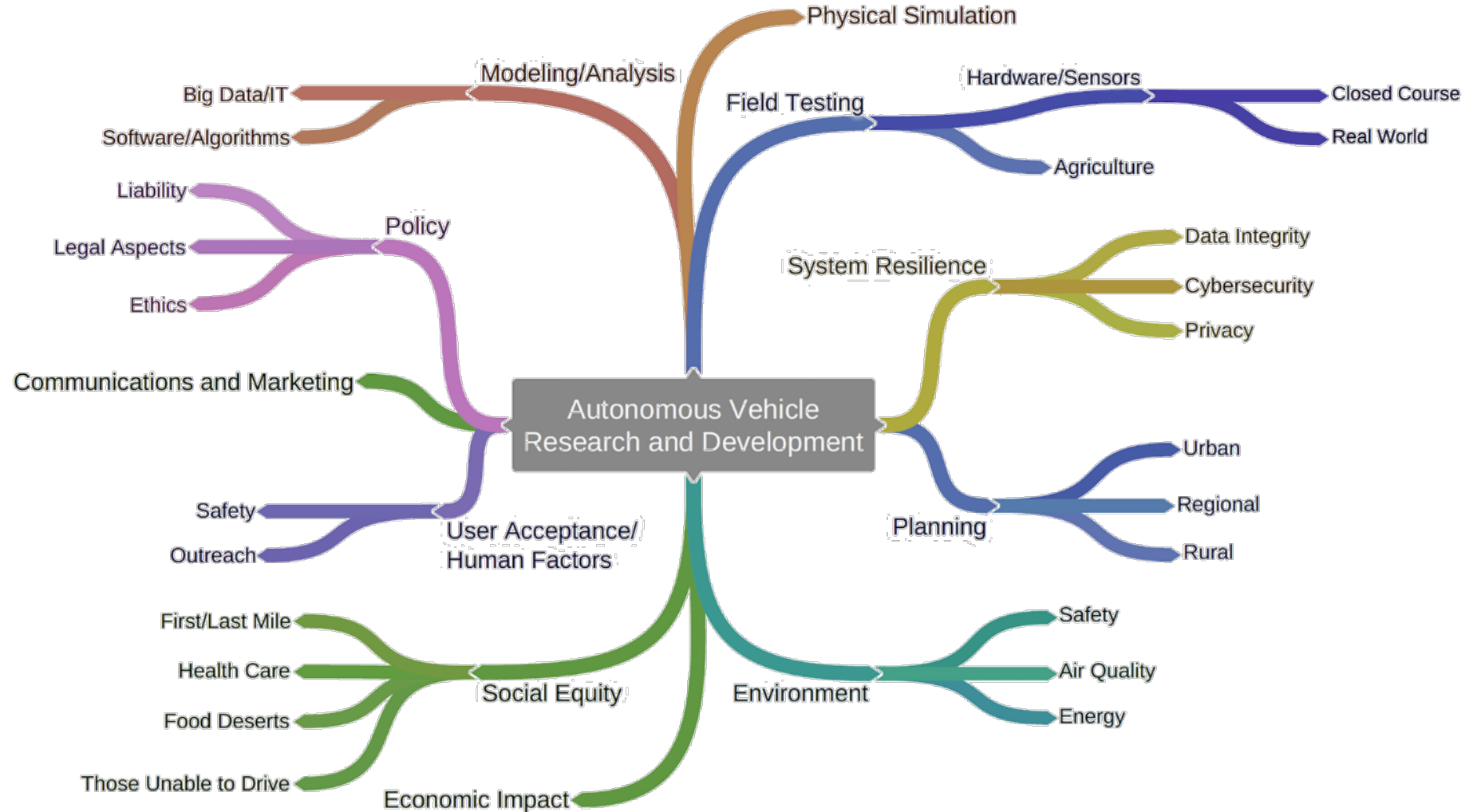
Tesla, March 2017



Uber, March 2017



Breadth, Complexity, Edge Cases

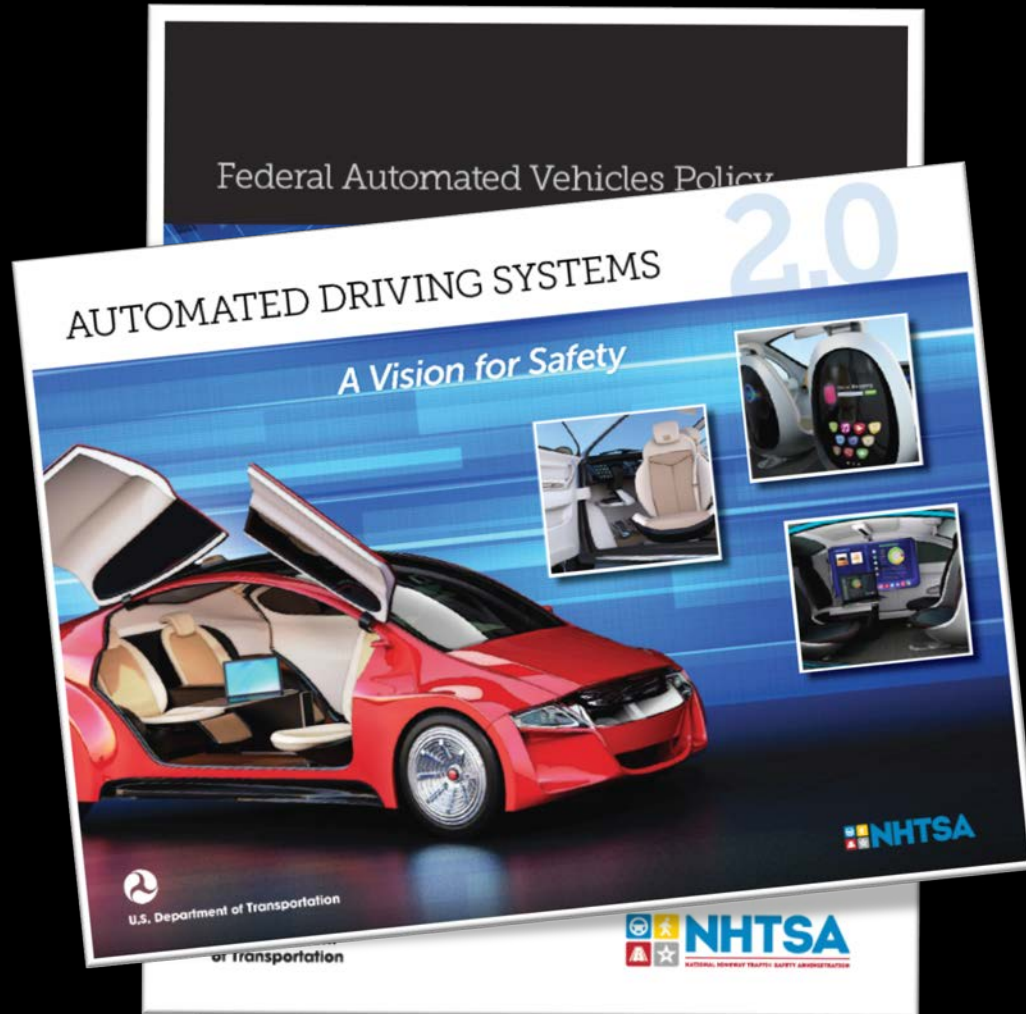


(An) AV Timeline



- Any estimate is debatable
- We are only at the beginning of a long transition period

Federal AV Policy



- Released Sep 20, 2016
- Updated Sep 12, 2017
- Voluntary guidelines
 - Not regulations
- Level 3+ Only
- 12 Safety Elements
- Guidance for State Policy

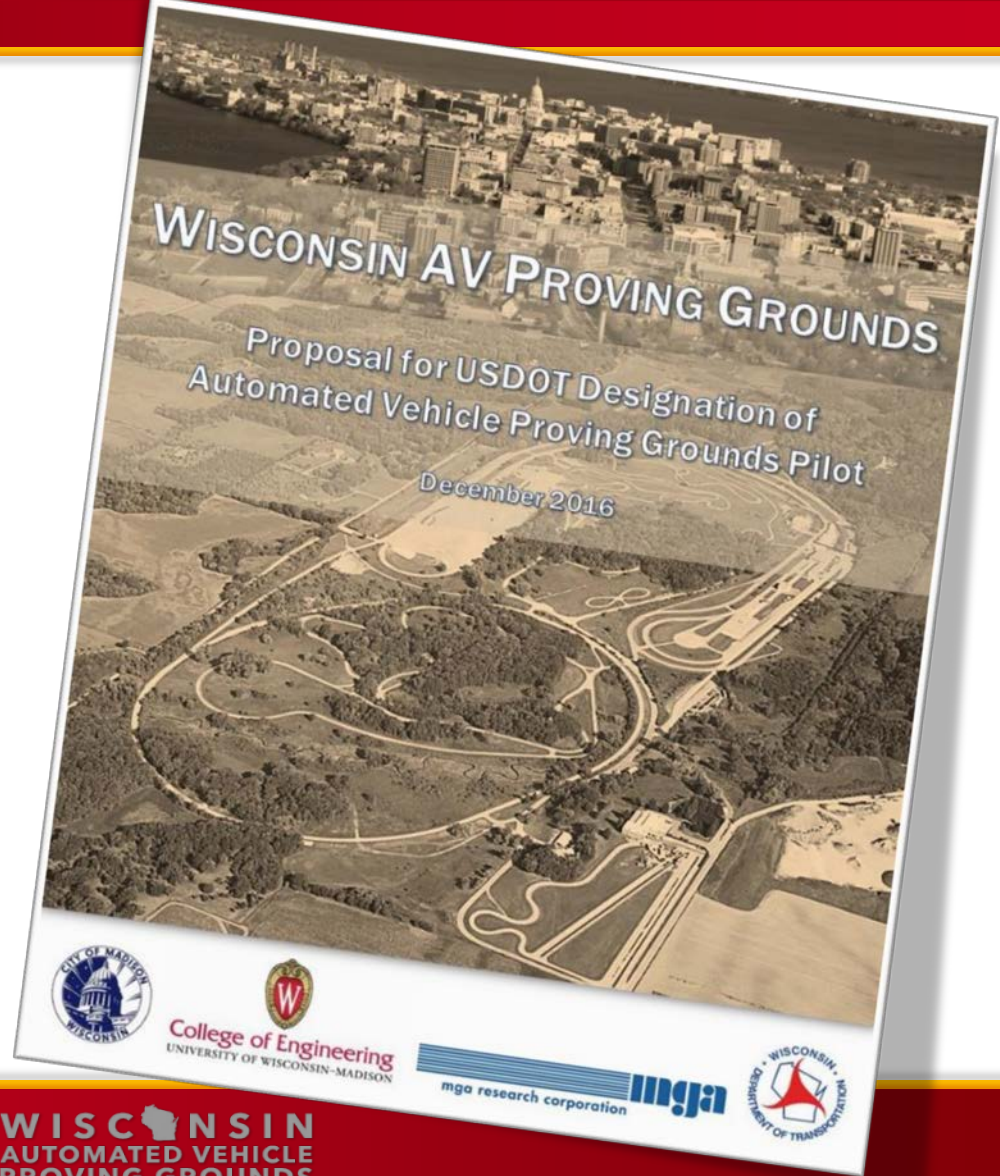
NHTSA's ~~15~~ 12 Safety Elements

1. System Safety
2. Operational Design Domain
3. Object and Event Detection and Response
4. Fall Back (Minimal Risk Condition)
5. Validation Methods
6. Human Machine Interface
7. Vehicle Cybersecurity
8. Crashworthiness
9. Post-Crash **ADS** Behavior
10. Data Recording and Sharing
11. Consumer Education and Training
12. Federal, State and Local Laws
- ~~13. Privacy~~
- ~~14. Registration and Certification~~
- ~~15. Ethical Considerations~~

USDOT AV Proving Grounds

- Peer network
- Advise government
- Validate industry
- Awarded January 2017

...no funding



Ten Designated AV Proving Grounds





College of Engineering
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

Range of RDT&E Environments



**GREAT LAKES
TRANSPORTATION**
ENTERPRISE INSTITUTE



Simulation



Lab



Closed
Track



Controlled
Demo







Limited
Facility

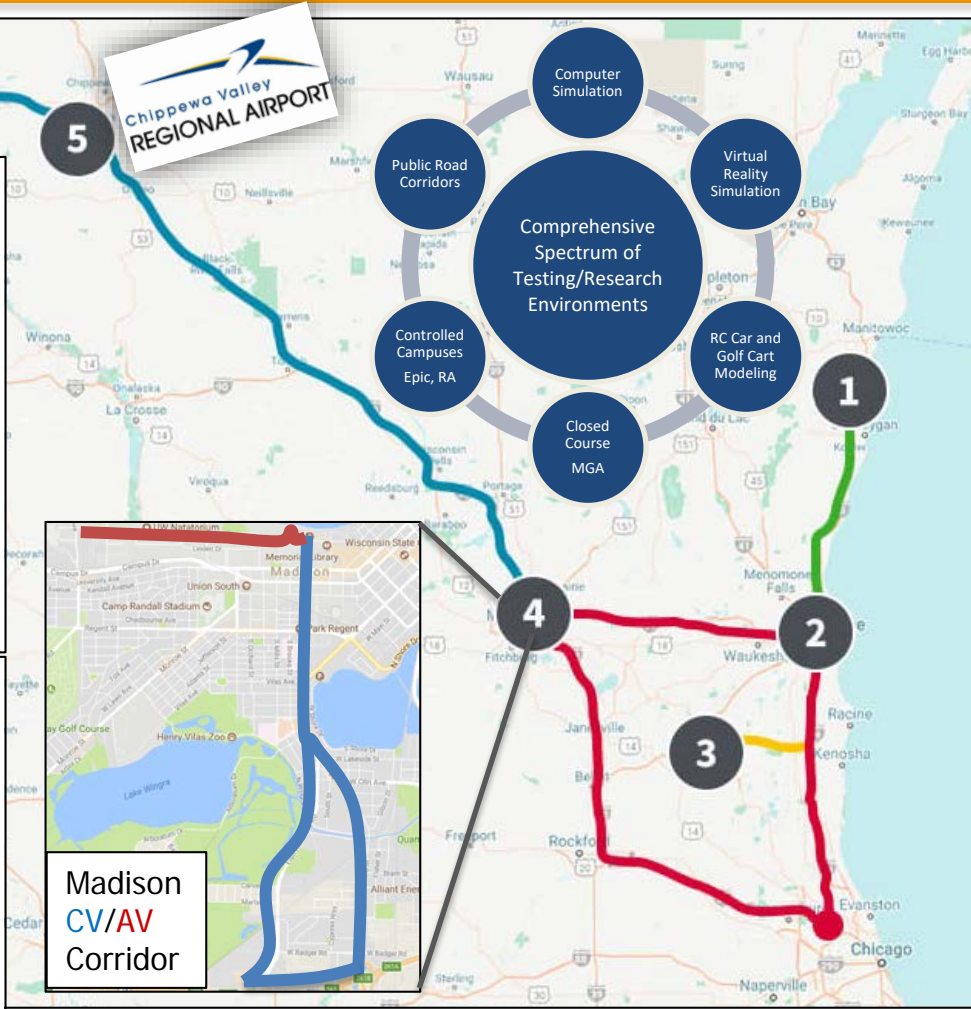


Public
Roads



- ### TESTING FACILITIES
- 1 **ROAD AMERICA**
Elkhart Lake, WI
 - 2 **MILWAUKEE AREA FACILITIES**
City of Milwaukee and UW-Milwaukee
 - 3 **MGA RESEARCH GROUP**
Burlington, WI
 - 4 **MADISON AREA FACILITIES**
City of Madison, Epic, Mandli Communications, and UW-Madison
 - 5 **CHIPPEWA VALLEY REGIONAL AIRPORT**
Eau Claire, WI

- ### PROPOSED AV CORRIDORS
-  **MadMSP Corridor**
WisDOT, MnDOT
 -  **Sheboygan to Milwaukee Corridor**
WisDOT
 -  **Burlington to Milwaukee Corridor**
WisDOT
 -  **MRCM Corridor**
WisDOT, iDOT, IL Tollway



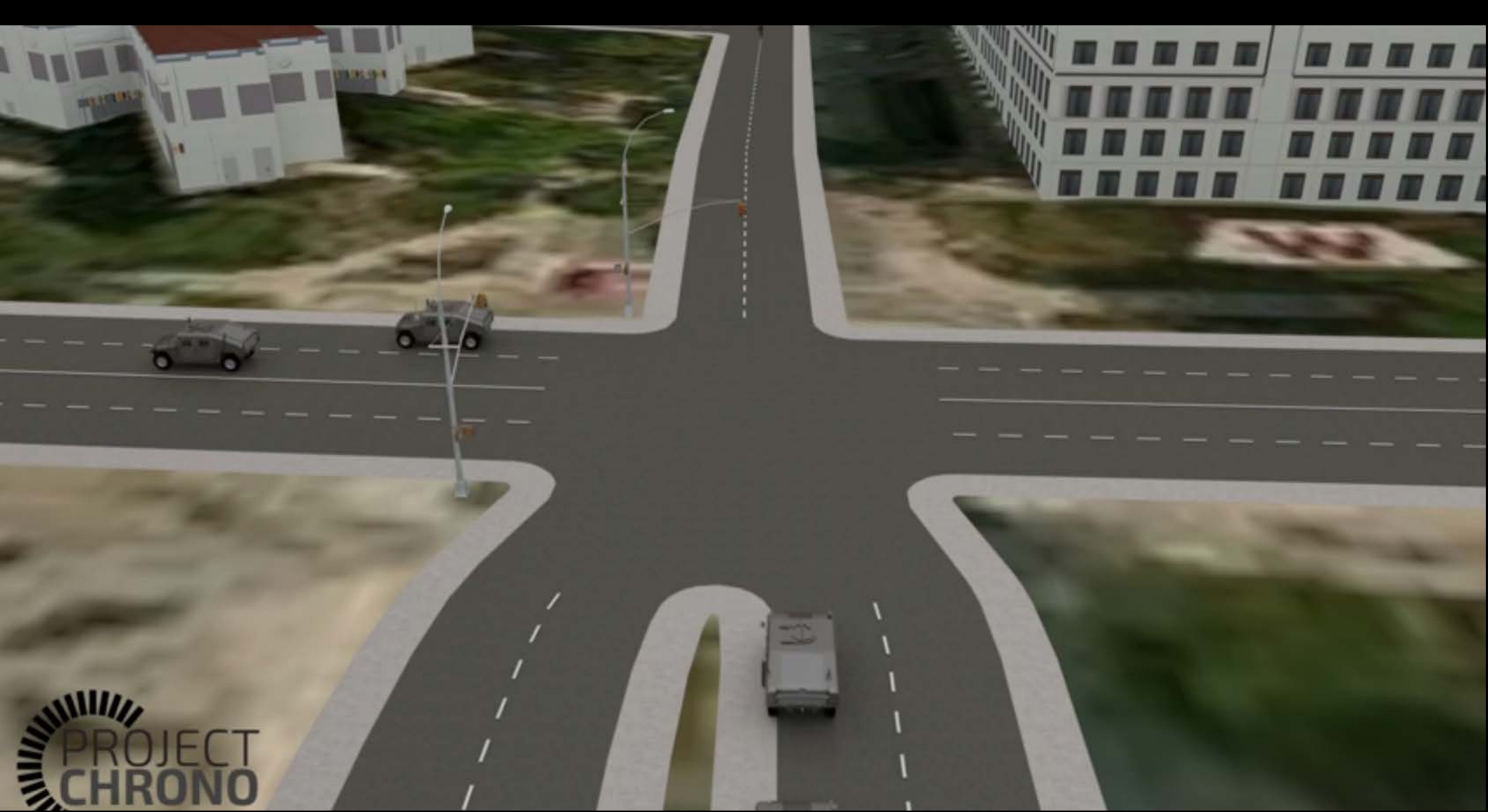
Wisconsin Facilities

UW-Madison College of Engineering



Full Scale Driving Simulator





 PROJECT
CHRONO

Wisconsin Facilities



MGA Research, Burlington



400 acres, private and secure, numerous testing capabilities

Wisconsin Facilities

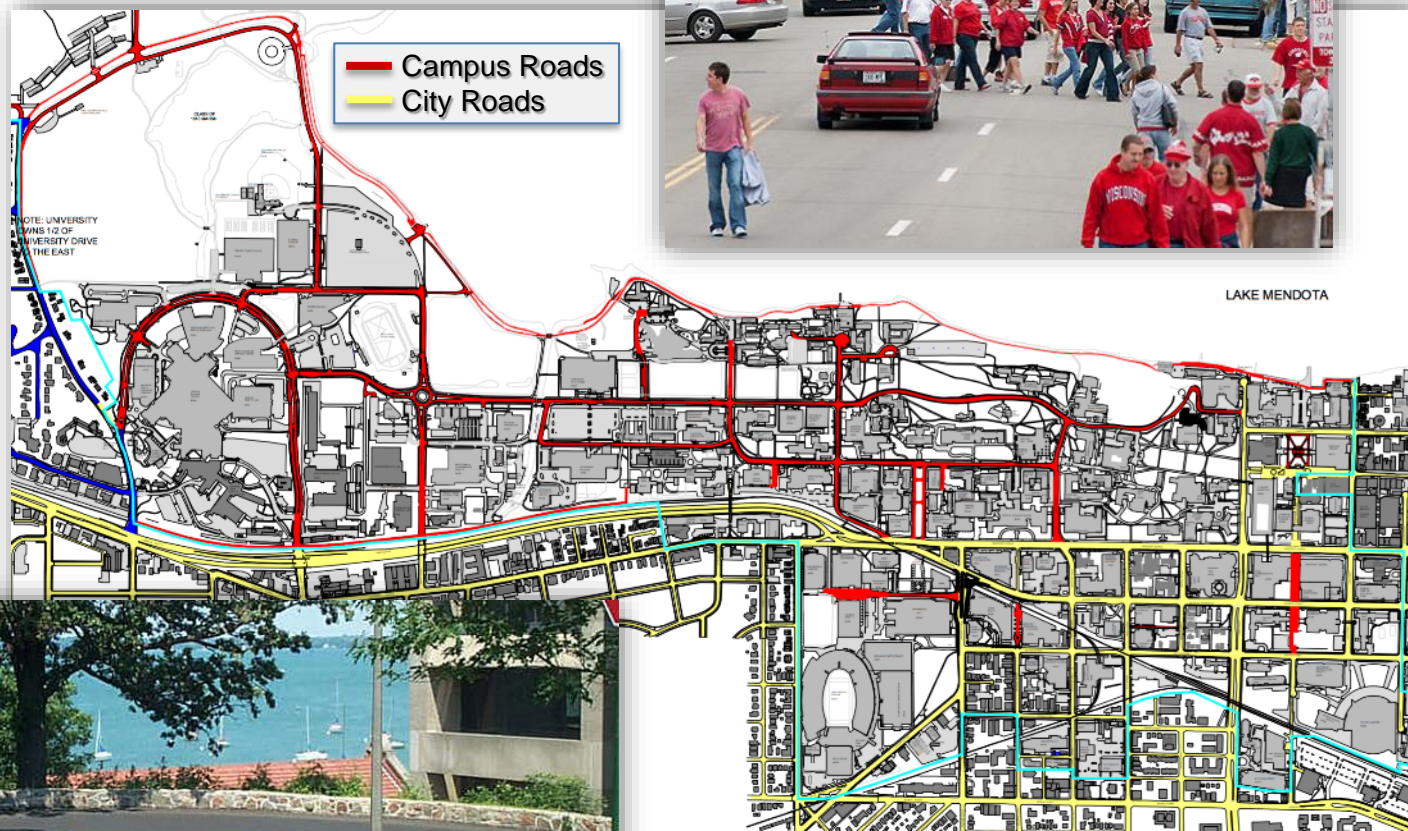
Road America, Elkhart Lake



- Road track: 4.05-mile length, 30-foot width
- 1-mile combo paved-dirt track
- 12+ miles off-road
- 10+ miles access roads
- Major race events and media presence

Wisconsin Facilities

- **Corporate Campuses**
- **UW-Madison Campus**
- **City of Madison**



Connected Park Street Corridor

- Piloting CV technology to improve:
 - Safety
 - Mobility
 - Bus on-time performance
 - Equity
- V2I, V2V, V2X
- Madison and Wisconsin as the Upper Midwest hub for CV & AV development



Committee on Automated and Connected Vehicles



“the removal of barriers to the testing and deployment of automated and connected vehicle technology in Wisconsin”

- May 2017 EO #245
- Sept 2017 Kickoff
- June 2018 Report Due
- Members:
 - Government: WisDOT, WSP, WEDC, Assembly, Senate, Iowa Co Sheriff, Insurance Commissioner
 - Academic/Nonprofit: UW-Madison, Tech Council, ABATE
 - Industry: MGA, Roadview, Waymo, Uber, Tesla, AAM, Global Automakers, Dealers Assn, Harley, Schneider, HNTB

Level 4 Shuttle Demonstration Next Week



College of Engineering
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

DRIVERLESS SHUTTLE DEMONSTRATION

PRESENTED BY: **WISCONSIN AUTOMATED VEHICLE PROVING GROUNDS** AND **GREAT LAKES TRANSPORTATION ENTERPRISE INSTITUTE**

Friday & Saturday, November 17 & 18

UW-Madison Engineering Campus

- Friday, 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.
- Saturday, Badger pregame
- See shuttle demonstrations
- Talk with autonomous vehicle researchers

DEMONSTRATION AREA

More info: WiscAV.org or Rafferty@WiscAV.org

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